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10/522,083	01/21/2005	Bernardo De Oliveira Kastrup Pereira	260683	7578
23460 77590 077320908 LEYDIG VOIT & MAYER, LTD TWO PRUDENTIAL PLAZA, SUITE 4900			EXAMINER	
			DENG, ANNA CHEN	
CHICAGO, IL	TETSON AVENUE 60601-6731		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2191	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Application No.	Applicant(s)	
10/522,083	DE OLIVEIRA KASTRUP PEI ET AL.	REIRA
Examiner	Art Unit	
ANNA DENG	2101	

Office Action Summary		ETAL.		
cinco riouon cummary	Examiner	Art Unit		
	ANNA DENG	2191		
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence a	ddress	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D.  - Extensions of time rapy be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.15  - If NO period for reply is a specified above, the maximum statutory period of the propy is a specified above, the maximum statutory period of the poly within the set or extended period for reply with 15 statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing canned patter term adjustment. See 37 OFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONEI	N. nely filed the mailing date of this of D (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 21 M	arch 2008.			
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ☐ This	action is non-final.			
<ol> <li>Since this application is in condition for allowar</li> </ol>	nce except for formal matters, pro	secution as to th	e merits is	
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	53 O.G. 213.		
Disposition of Claims				
4) Claim(s) 1-19 is/are pending in the application.				
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray				
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.				
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-19</u> is/are rejected.				
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.				
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.			
Application Papers				
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r			
<del></del>		=xaminer		
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.  Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct			FR 1.121(d).	
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119				
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:  1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents		-(d) or (f).		
<ol><li>Certified copies of the priority documents</li></ol>	s have been received in Application	on No		
<ol><li>Copies of the certified copies of the prior</li></ol>	rity documents have been receive	ed in this Nationa	l Stage	
application from the International Bureau	ı (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).			
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not receive	d.		
Attachment(s)				
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)				
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da	ate		

Paper No(s)/Mail Date \_\_\_\_

4)	Interview Summary (PTO-413)
	Paper No(s)/Mail Date
	Notice of Informal Patent Applica
6)	Other:

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#### DETAILED ACTION

This action is in response to amendment filed on 3/21/2008.

- 2. The objection to Abstract is withdrawn in view of applicant's amendment.
- 3. The objection to claim 1 is withdrawn in view of applicant's amendment.
- 4. The objection to claim 10 is withdrawn in view of applicant's amendment.
- The rejection under 35 U.S.C. 101 to claim 19 is withdrawn in view of applicant's amendment.
- Claims 1-19 are pending.
- 7. Claims 1-19 stand finally rejected.

### Response to Amendment

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

8. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

9. Claim 19 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. Claim 19 has been amended to add new matter as recites "a computer-readable medium" that is not in the Specification in the specification in such a way as to reasonably.

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convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. Application is required to withdraw this new matter.

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 10. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior at are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 11. Claims 1-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Aubury US 2003/0140337 A1 (hereinafter Aubury), In view of Bickmore et al. USPN 6,857,102 B1 (hereinafter Bickmore), further in view of li et al. USPN 7,143,392 B2 (hereinafter li).

#### Per Claim 1 (Currently amended):

Aubury teaches a method for partitioning a specification in a source code (Aubury, [0043], "provides a hardware/software codesign system which receives a specification of a target system in the form of behavioral description, i.e. a description in a programming language such as can be written by a computer programmer, and partitions it and compiles it to produce hardware and software"; [0044], "The partitioning means can include a parser for parsing the input behavioral description The description can be in a familiar computer

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language such as C, ... an obligatory partition to software or an obligatory partition to hardware"; emphasis added); thereby facilitating editing of a resulting specification in the source code (Aubury, [0176], FIG. 7, A first portion of the blocks is assigned to hardware inoperation 706 and a second portion of the blocks is assigned to software in operation 708. ...If the terminating condition has not been met, then the contents of the first and second portion of the blocks are modified in operation 714 and the above operations are repeated in operation 716).

Aubury does not explicitly teach first converting the specification into a plurality of abstract syntax trees; partitioning the plurality of abstract syntax trees into at least a first set and a second set of abstract syntax trees; second converting, after the partitioning step, the first set of abstract syntax trees and the second set of abstract syntax trees back to source code.

However, Bickmore teaches first converting the specification into a plurality of abstract syntax trees (Bickmore, col. 16, lines 56-67, the abstract syntax tree corresponding to each re-authored page or sub-page as the document size evaluation circuit indicates that the abstract syntax tree for a particular re-authored page or sub-page...The sub-pages to be re-authored list 637 stores the abstract syntax trees (plurality of AST) for those sub-pages generated by transforming the original document or an earlier sub-page. These sub-pages will generally contain the images of any reduced-size images or any elided images, as well as the full text of any text segments that have had content

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elided from them (specification)); partitioning the plurality of abstract syntax trees into at least a first set and a second set of abstract syntax trees (Bickmore, col. 8, lines 41-52, The Indexed Segment transform first attempts to find page elements that can logically be partitioned...This transfer takes an input page, segments the content into sub-pages by allocating some number of items to each...then the Indexed Segment transform performs a secondary partitioning that partitions text blocks); second converting, after the partitioning step, the first set of abstract syntax trees and the second set of abstract syntax trees back to source code (Bickmore, col. 18, line 62 through col. 19, line 20, Once the abstract syntax tree for the first page of the transformed document (HTML document/source code) is determined to be good enough, that abstract syntax tree is output to the tree-to-document remap circuit 670, which renders the first re-authored sub-page from that abstract syntax tree...Once a request for that subpage (HTML/source code) is received by document re-authoring system 600. the abstract syntax tree for that requested subpage is output to the tree-todocument remap circuit 670, which renders the requested re-authored sub-page (HTML/source) from that abstract syntax tree).

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the computer art at the time of the invention was made to modify the method discloses Aubury to include first converting the specification into a plurality of abstract syntax trees; partitioning the plurality of abstract syntax trees into at least a first set and a second set of abstract syntax trees; second converting, after the partitioning step, the first set of abstract syntax trees and the second set of

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abstract syntax trees back to source code using the teaching of Bickmore. The modification would be obvious because one of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to provide a method to construct a parse tree or abstract syntax tree representation of the document, the apply a series of transformations to the parse tree, then map each resulting transformed parse tree back into a document representation (Bickmore, col. 11, lines 60-67).

The combination of Aubury and Bickmore does not explicitly teach the first set of abstract syntax trees to be implemented by a first processor and the second set of abstract syntax trees to be implemented by a second processor.

However, li teaches the first set of abstract syntax trees to be implemented by a first processor and the second set of abstract syntax trees to be implemented by a second processor (li, col. 28, lines 11-14, an application system can be multi-threaded, partitioned into different processes, run on different processors).

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the computer art at the time of the invention was made to modify the method discloses by Aubury and Bickmore to include the first set of abstract syntax trees to be implemented by a first processor and the second set of abstract syntax trees to be implemented by a second processor using the teaching of Ii. The modification would be obvious because one of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to reverse engineering source code in a plurality of structured languages into Abstract Syntax Trees (ASTs), which represent all of the

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information in said source code, and to automatically analyze, display, and/or manipulate those ASTs (li, Abstract).

## Per Claim 2:

The rejection of claim 1 is incorporated, Aubury further teaches wherein the second processor is a co-processor (Aubury, FIG. 22, [0034], "are determined for first and second processors for processing an application in operation 2202. Reconfigurable hardware is then configured in operation 2204 to provide at least one of the first and second processors such as programming a processor into a portion of an Field Programmable Gate Array (FPGA)", also, [0050], "a set of customizable (e.g. FPGA-based) processors").

## Per Claim 3:

The rejection of claim 2 is incorporated, Aubury further teaches wherein the first processor is a general-purpose processor ([0050], "a set of customization (e.g. FPGA-based) processors and custom hardware; [0341], "at least one of the processors implemented in the reconfigurable hardware may designed by defining an instruction width, a width of internal memory and a stack address width; assigning processor opcodes; defining registers; ... and defining the processor based on the processor description").

#### Per Claim 4 (Currently amended):

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The rejection of claim 1 is incorporated, Bickmore further teaches wherein the second converting step comprises converting the first set of abstract syntax trees to a first partial specification in the source code and converting the second set of abstract syntax trees to a second partial specification in the source code (Bickmore, col. 18, line 62 through col. 19, line 20, Once the abstract syntax tree for the first page of the transformed document (HTML document/source code) is determined to be good enough, that abstract syntax tree is output to the tree-to-document remap circuit 670, which renders the first re-authored sub-page from that abstract syntax tree...Once a request for that subpage (HTML/source code) is received by document reauthoring system 600, the abstract syntax tree for that requested subpage is output to the tree-to-document remap circuit 670, which renders the requested re-authored sub-page (HTML/source) from that abstract syntax tree).

### Per Claim 5:

The rejection of claim 1 is incorporated, Bickmore further teaches wherein the step of partitioning the plurality of abstract syntax trees into a first set of abstract syntax trees and a second set of abstract syntax trees comprises a step of out-lining at least one abstract syntax tree based on profile data (Bickmore, FIG. 1, col. 8, lines 26-33, The first approach is full outlining which works by keeping only section headers and eliding all content...The second approach is to-level outlining. In the to-level outlining, a cutoff level in the section hierarchy is determined and all content below that level,

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including lower-level section headers, is elided, but all content above that level is kept).

## Per Claim 6:

The rejection of claim 1 is incorporated, Bickmore further teaches wherein the step of partitioning the plurality of abstract syntax trees into a first set of abstract syntax trees and a second set of abstract syntax trees comprises a step of out-lining at least one abstract syntax tree based on programmer provided information (Bickmore, FIG. 1, col. 8, lines 26-33, The first approach is full outlining which works by keeping only section headers and eliding all content...The second approach is to-level outlining. In the to-level outlining, a cutoff level in the section hierarchy is determined and all content below that level, including lower-level section headers, is elided, but all content above that level is kept; also, col. 13, lines 8-33, The first thing that a user of the document re-authoring software systems and methods of this invention must do is specify the size of display for the device being used and indicate the font size of the default browser font being used. This information is needed in order to estimate the screen area requirements of text blocks (partition)).

# Per Claim 7:

The rejection of claim 1 is incorporated, Aubury further teaches A co-design method for producing a target system ([0032], "provides a hardware/software codesign system which can target a system"), wherein the target system

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comprises a first processor and at least a second processor ([0048]-[0051],
"The sort of target systems which can be produced include: a fixed processor or
processor core, ... a set of customizable (e.g. FPGA-based) processors ... a
system on a chip containing fixed processors and an FPGA"); the co-design
method comprising the method for partitioning a specification in a source
code according to claim 1 ([0032], "provides a hardware/software codesign
system which can target a system in which the hardware or the processors to run
the software can be customized according to the functions partitioned to it",
emphasis added); also see discussion in claim 1, wherein all claimed limitations
also have been addressed and or covered in cited areas as set forth above.

## Per Claim 8 (Currently amended):

The rejection of claim 7 is incorporated, Bickmore further teaches converting the first set of abstract syntax trees to a first partial specification in the source code and converting the second set of abstract syntax trees to a second partial specification in the source code (Bickmore, col. 16, lines 56-67, the abstract syntax tree corresponding to each re-authored page or sub-page as the document size evaluation circuit indicates that the abstract syntax tree for a particular re-authored page or sub-page...The sub-pages to be re-authored list 637 stores the abstract syntax trees (plurality of AST) for those sub-pages generated by transforming the original document or an earlier sub-page).

#### Per Claim 9:

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The rejection of claim 8 is incorporated, Aubury further teaches wherein the second processor is a co-processor ([0050], "a set of customizable (e.g. FPGA-based) processors") and wherein the second partial specification is converted to a specification of the co-processor (FIG. 22, [0034], "are determined for first and second processors for processing an application in operation 2202. Reconfigurable hardware is then configured in operation 2204 to provide at least one of the first and second processors such as programming a processor into a portion of an Field Programmable Gate Array (FPGA)"; [0153], "an RTL description which can be output to a RTL synthesis system 414 using a hardware description language").

## Per Claim 10 (Currently amended):

The rejection of claim 9 is incorporated, Aubury further teaches wherein the first processor is a general-purpose processor ([0049], "a fixed processor or processor core") and wherein the first partial specification is converted to object code by means of a compiler ([0143], "the compile method on the hardware compiler class compiles the description to hardware by converting the input description on an RTL description, the compile method on the Processor A compiler compiles a description to machine code"; [0153], "The result of the hardware compilation ...is an RTL description which can be output to a RTL ... using a hardware description language(e.g., Handel-C or VHKL)"; [0163], "The output of the software compilation/processor parameterization process is

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machine code to run on the processor together with a description of the processor to be used").

## Per Claim 11:

The rejection of claim 10 is incorporated, Aubury further teaches a step for defining an interface between the general-purpose processor and the co-processor ([0039], "an interface generator for generating interfaces between the hardware and software").

#### Per Claim 12:

The rejection of claim 9 is incorporated, Aubury further teaches wherein the specification of the co-processor comprises a specification of an ASIC ([0039], "fixed hardware and a customizable processor. Thus, the customizable part could be formed on an FPGA, or for instance, an ASIC").

# Per Claim 13:

The rejection of claim 9 is incorporated, Aubury further teaches wherein the specification of the co-processor comprises a specification of a programmable processor ([0043], "a description in a programming language such as can be written by a computer programmer, and partitions it and compiles it to produce hardware and software").

#### Per Claim 14:

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The rejection of claim 9 is incorporated, Aubury further teaches wherein the specification of the co-processor comprises a specification of a reconfigurable processor ([0193], "the processor may be created in reconfigurable logic").

## Per Claim 15 (Currently amended):

The rejection of claim 11 is incorporated, Aubury further teaches wherein the interface between the general-purpose processor and the co-processor comprises a remote function call ([0198], "The system must dial up an Internet service provider, and establish a connection with the remote game, which will running on a workstation"); the remote function call having a set of parameters ([0140], "Interfaces which are to be implemented using a resource which can be parameterized (such as a channel on an FPGA), are synthesized using the parameterizations decided by the partitioner"); the set of parameters comprising an identifier for the function to be called, at least one reference pointing to the input data of the function to be called and at least one reference pointing to the result data of the function to be called ([0063], "an attribute may be added to input code for identifying which portion of the functionality is to be put in software. ... the attribute may further specify a target processor for processing the software implementing the portion of functionality").

## Per Claim 16:

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The rejection of claim 15 is incorporated, Aubury further teaches wherein the set of parameters of the remote function call further comprises a reference to a memory location used for storing information on the return status of the function to be called ([0186], "the processor starts with a definition of the instruction width, and the width of the internal memory and stack addresses. This is followed by an assignment of the processor opcodes").

## Per Claim 17 (Currently amended):

The rejection of claim 7 is incorporated, Aubury further teaches wherein the target system further comprises a system memory and a system bus (FIG. 21, [0339], "a number of other units interconnected via a system bus 2112"); the system memory, the first processor and the second processor being coupled by the system bus (FIG. 21, [0039], "a central processing unit 2110, such as a microprocessor, and a number of other units interconnected via a system bus 2112... includes a Random Access Memory (RAM) 2114, Read Only Memory (ROM) 2116").

# Per Claim 18 (Currently amended):

The rejection of claim 10 is incorporated, Aubury further teaches wherein the general-purpose processor is a digital signal processor (FIG. 21, [0039], "a central processing unit 2110, such as a microprocessor, and a number of other units interconnected via a system bus 2112... includes a Random Access Memory (RAM) 2114, Read Only Memory (ROM) 2116").

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## Per Claim 19 (Currently amended):

This is the computer-readable medium including computer-executable instructions for implementing all the steps of the method in claim 1, wherein all claimed limitation have been address and/or covered in cited areas as set forth in claim 1. Thus, accordingly, this claim is also obvious.

#### Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-19 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

#### Conclusion

12. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136 (a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will

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the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

13. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Anna Deng whose telephone number is 571-272-5989. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Friday 9:30 AM - 6:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Wei Zhen can be reached on 571-272-3708. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the TC2100 Group receptionist whose telephone number is 571-272-2100.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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/Anna Deng/

Examiner, Art Unit 2191

07/17/2008

/Wei Zhen/

Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2191